party caucuses, and certain Congressmen are not willing to go upon record as supporting those demands to that extent, there is such a vital difference between them that squabbles naturally arise. As a matter of fact they arose every time we met and they arose because of that very difference on that vital question. When Mr. Livingston and those who follow him say that they are for the Ocala de-mands, but little will hold them in subordination to the Democratic caucus or the Democratic party machinery, they certainly take a very different view of the necessity for those measures than are taken by us when we say that independent political action is absolutely necessary to bring success to our platform. The reasons for our belief and reasons for his need not be discussed here. It is not even necessary to say that we are more honest in our opinion than Mr. Livingston is in his. I simply state that where nine gentlemen agree as to certain laws and say they will fight for these laws no matter what any party says, it is very difficult for them to act in concert with the other gentlemen who say they are for the Democratic party or the Republican party first and these demands next. To maintain their position they have to fight desperately for the Demceratic or the Republican party, as the case may be, and to maintain our position we have to fight just as desperately for the People's party. Therefore, while the laws we seek to have passed are essentially the same, yet the method of obtaining those laws is so radically different that conflicts, mutual distrust and irreconciliable differences naturally arise. Upon that ground we have ceased to meet the Livingston ele-

# JUDGE BEATTY CONFIRMED.

End of a Long Fight Against One of President Harrison's Appointees. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The confirmation by the Senate to-day of the nomination of James H. Beatty, to be district judge for Idaho, marks the termination in favor of the administration of a struggle lasting nearly a year which it has had with the Idaho Senators. Mr. Beatty was nominated Feb. 10, last, in spite of the protests of Senators Shoup and McConnell, who sought to convince the President that the nomination would not be acceptable to the people of Idaho. When it reached the Senate they began a vigorous campaign against its confirmation, producing protests signed by the State judges and members of the bar, and making objections to the conduct of the nominee during the legis-lative proceedings which ended in the election of Mr. Dubois as the successor of Mr. McConnell in the Senate. The opposition was able to prevent action upon the nomination during the few weeks that remained of the last session of the Fity-first Congress. Three days after the adjournment of Congress, however, the President appointed Mr. Beatty to the judgeship, and his nomination was one of the first to be sent to the Senate at the beginning of the present Congress. Again the Idaho Senators resumed the opposition to the nomination, but for nearly a year Judge Beatty had been discharging the functions of his office in Idaho and California. His decisions had been sustained wherever an appeal had been taken to a superior tribunal, and it was not possible to pick any flaws in his judicial career. These facts naturally had an effect favorable to the nomination, and the Idaho Senators soon found that several of their Republican colleagues who had been in sympathy with them last year had changed their minds, and were determined to support the President. A week ago Messrs. Shoup and Dubois realized that they were defeated,

Among the other nominations confirmed to-day were D. P. Roberts, of Indiana, recorder of the General Land Office; W. C. Haskell, United States marshal for the Northern district of Ohio; L. S. Howlett, register of the land office at North Yakima,

and after notifying the judiciary commit-

tee that they had nothing to retract, but

did not care to follow the matter further,

they abandoned the contest and the nom-

instion was confirmed to-day without any

The President to-day sent to the Senate the following nominations: Frank W. Oakley, United States marshal for the Western district of Wisconsin; Peter Paquet, receiver of public moneys at Oregon City. Ore.; Anson Baldwin, register of the land office at North Platte, Neb. Postmasters-Martin E. Stanger, at Downer's Grove, Ill. and Henry A. Castle, at St. Paul, Minn.

### THE SILVER BRICK CASE. An Attempt to Force the Government to

Coin Bullion Free at the Mint.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, to-day, sitting in banc, heard arguments of counsel in what is known as the silver brick case. The contention in this case is, in brief, that the act of 1878 restored silver to free coinage. The petitioners ask for a writ of mandamus to compel respondent to instruct the proper officers to receive and coin silver bullion tendered to the superintendent of the United States mint on March 14, last. The coinage was refused on the ground that it would be in violation of law. To the petition the respondent demurred, and it is on this the case is heard, Jere Wilson appeared for petitioners and Assistant Attorney-general Maurey for the

United States government, Mr. Wilson asserted that the act of 1873, which demonetized silver, is unconstitutional if that part of the act still remains. He insisted, however, that it does not remain, The Possessor of the "Orange Diamond" but that this feature was repealed by the Assistant Attorney-general Maurey read

an abstract from the decision of the Supreme Court in the case of the United States ex rel. Dunlap vs. Black, in which it was stated that "the court would not interfere by mandamus with the executive officers of the government in the exercise of their ordinary official duties, even where those duties require an interpretation of the law, the court having no appellate power for that purpose." Resting on the law as settled by the case cited, Mr. Maurey declined to enter upon an argument in support of the views of the statutes in question taken by the Secretary of the Treasury, unless requested to do so by the court.

# MINOR MATTERS.

Commissioner Morris, of Indianapolis, Prepared to Testify in the Judge Woods Case. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.- Nathan Morris, of Indianapolis, the United States Commissioner before whom the information was filed upon which it was sought to procure an indictment against Colonel Dudley on account of the "blocksof-five" circular, is here to testify before the Senate judiciary committee in the Judge Woods investigation. Should ex-United States District Attorney Sellers or Capt. Eli Ritter be also present at the meeting of the committee to-morrow the investigation will be concluded, and there may be a report made to the Senate upon all the judicial nominations early next week, although final action by the Senate is not expected under a week or ten days

# Cost of Public Buildings.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Senator Paddock has received a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury stating that the expenditures on the new public buildings by acts of the Fiftieth and Fifty-first Congresses aggregated \$25,000,000. It is estimated that under his bill giving to all cities public buildings where the postal receipts are \$3,000 a year but \$60,000,000 would be expended. This would give all cities of 4,000 or 5,000 inhabitants a public building. Senator Paddock says this makes it plain that his bills besides giving nearly all cities of any consequence a public building, would save the government money. The Paddock bill is growing in Dopularity every day, and if it can be brought to a vote in the House will become law. It is universally indorsed

Investigating Our Pork Inspection. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.-A party of gentle men representing the French government are now on their way to Chicago and other Western points for the purpose of investigating our pork inspection regulations and the efficiency of their practical application. The party includes Mr. Riche, member of the Academy of Medicine and pro-

fessor of chemistry of the Paris College of Pharmacy in the employ of the Ministry of Agriculture; Mr. E. Roume, an official of the foreign department of the Ministry of Commerce, and Mr. Maurice Duclos, a produce commission merchant of Paris. not a permanent employe of the government, but specially commissioned by the Minister of Agriculture for this investigation, and who has been frequently employed under special contract with the government as an expert examiner and appraiser of food products. Mr. Duclos called upon Secretary Rusk while in Washington, and was furnished by him with a letter of introduction to the chief inspector of the department in Chicago, instructing the latter to give these gentlemen every opportunity to thoroughly investigate our system of pork inspection.

Increased Exports to Cuba. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.-The reduced duty on American flour imported to Cuba under the reciprocity treaty went into effect Jan. 1 last. Consul-general Williams telegraphs the State Department that the receipts of flour at the port of Havana for the month of January last were: From the United States, 62,371 sacks; from Spain, none. The receipts for the month of January, 1891, were: From the United States, 2,720 sacks;

from Spain, 38,490 bags. The exports of flour to Cuba from the ports of New York, New Orleans, Mobile and Key West in January, 1892, amounted to 67,478 barrels. The exports from the same ports in January, 1891, were 9,234 barrels. Don Antonio Batres, Guatemalan minister, has informed the Secretary of State that he will return to Guatemala by the Pacific mail steamer which leaves New York on the 10th inst., and that he will use

his best offices to secure the early approval

by Congress of the reciprocity arrange-ments recently signed by himself and Sec-retary Blaine on behalf of Guatemala and the United States.

Call Will Keep His Sent. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—In the Senate today the report of the committee on privileges and elections in the case of the Florida Senators, declaring Mr. Call entitled to the seat, was taken up for action and the report was read, closing with the sentence "the appointment of Mr. Davidson was an act of mere irrelevancy, which it is not necessary further to notice." After the long debate the resolution was agreed to without a division.

General Notes.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.-J. Kilbert, of Evansville, is at the Ebbitt. N. O. Hewitt was to-day appointed post-

master at Neff. Randolph county, vice A. W. Clevenger, resigned. Fletcher 8. Heath, formerly of Muncie, now cashier of the Miami Valley National

Bank, of Hamilton, O., is here on banking business, and en route East. Mr. Sayers of Texas, from the committee on appropriations, reported to the House to-day a bill to supply a deficiency in the appropriations for the eleventh census, and it was referred to the committee of the

Editor Peacock, of the Attica Ledger, is here visiting Treasurer Nebeker. Clark M. Watson, of Ohio, has been appointed chief of the judiciary division of the First Auditor's office, Treasury Department, vice John J. Hawkins, of Jay county, deceased. This is the first appointment in the Treasury Department un-

der the new rules requiring examination.
Mr. and Mrs. Miller yesterday had one of the most pleasant receptions of their series. They had assisting them Mrs. Butterworth, Mrs. Deane, Mrs. and Miss Nebeker, wife and daughter of the Treasurer, and in the dining-room MissAmelia Mendonca and Miss Bartlett assisted. The Misses Knox, who have been Mrs. Miller's guests, have returned to New York.

Senator Power, of Montana, is now believed to be entirely out of danger. In the House, to-day, Representative Sayers, of Texas, from the committee on appropriations, reported a resolution providing for an investigation into the management of and the expenditures for the world's Columbian Exposition.

### JACKSON HERMITAGE BALL.

Speech by Ex-Governor Porter, of Indiana. Followed by a Candle-Lighting Incident.

St. Augustine, Fla., Feb. 4.—The Jackson Hermitage ball occurred here to-night. Ex-Governor Porter, of Indiana, spoke of General Jackson's life and qualities, and placed in the hands of Senor Romero, representing President Diaz, of Mexico, the remnant of a candle. It was found in Lord Cornwallis's tent after his surrender to the American army at Yorktown. It was afterwards presented to General Jackson with the request that he light it at every recurring 8th of January, the anniversary of the great victory he achieved at New Orleans, a promise he faithfully kept during his lifetime. After his death the candle remained in the possession of his relatives, and it was only about two years ago that it was given to the association. Senor Romero explained these facts. and then lighted the historic candle. Mrs. John G. Christopher then extinguished the candle in the name of Mrs. Harrison, and the ceremony was over. The ball was a

# AN ILL-FATED GEM.

Forced to Make an Assignment, NEW YORK, Feb. 4.-Joseph W. Carroll, lithographer, of this city, has made an assignment, without preferences, to Arthur Smith. Mr. Carroll has been in business for four years. The estimated liabilities are \$80,000. It is asserted that the assets consist of \$60,000 worth of machinery and \$30,000 worth of imported stock. Mr. Car-roll gained considerable notoriety by being the possessor and alleged owner of the "orange diamond," said to be an ill-fated

Other Business Troubles. PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 4.—The sheriff today took possession of the property of Albert A. Guigues, feather manufacturer, upon an execution upon judgment notes aggregating \$54,000. Counsel for Guigues said to-day: "The failure was precipitated by the foreclosure some days ago of a \$48-Oliver P. Terry, cloth merchant, made

gem, which caused so much litigation last

assignment to-day. Debts about \$41,000; assets about \$65,000. Louisville, Ky., Feb. 4.—A meeting of the depositors and stockholders of the Masonic Savings Bank, which assigned last August, held a meeting last night. They claim that the affairs of the bank are not being so managed as to net them the largest returns on the assets and may ask that a receiver be appointed in place of the assignee. Ugly charges are affoat and developments of fraud, it is claimed, will

BOSTON, Feb. 4.-Erastus Thompson & Co., boot and shoe manufacturers, No. 91 Bedford street, owe \$\$1,219, and their assets are nominally \$76,229. Assignees have been appointed.

The Fort Wayne Company Will Get It. DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 4.-It is rumored that the Detroit Electric-light and Power Company will soon change hands and be-come a part of the Thomson-Houston Electric-light Company. The treasurer of the local company denies the rumor and states that the company merely intends to soon issue some bonds. The present indebtedness of the company is said to be about \$400,000, and its last inventory, it is about \$750,000. The Fort Wayne, Ind., company, which is virtually a part of the Thomson-Houston Company, will absorb the Detroit concern, it is thought.

181 Horses Sold for \$98,465. CHICAGO, Feb. 4.- The Berry combination sale of trotting stock, now on the third day, continues to draw big crowds and develop the liveliest bidding. Sixty head sold to-day for \$32,100. Thus far 181 head have been sold for a total of \$98,465. The sale will be continued Friday and Satur-

Does Protection Protect? Certainly, in one instance, it does. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the great protection against the dangers of impure blood, and it will cure or prevent all diseases of this class. It has well won its name of the best blood

Return to England of the Officer's Wife Who Stole Mrs. Hargraves's Jewels.

Daisy Hopkin's Arrest and Imprisonment by Cambridge University May Result in Robbing the Latter of a Singular Privilege.

MRS. OSBORNE ARRESTED.

Returned from Spain to Answer the Charge of Obtaining Money on Stolen Jewels. Special to the Indianapolis Journal, LONDON, Feb. 4.-Mrs. Florence Ethe Osborne was arrested to-day at Dover on

the arrival of the steamer from Calais. She took her arrest calmiy. Upon her arrival at Calais she gave her proper name, and made no attempt to conceal her identity. She was at once escorted to the Dover train and brought to London. Since the fact became known that Mrs. Osborne intended to surrender in order to save her husband the loss of his prospects in the army the current of public opinion has set somewhat in her favor. It is stated that she will plead to the charge of obtaining on false pretenses from the jewelers, Spink & Son, the £550 sterling which they paid her for jewelry she stole from Mrs. Hargreaves. This charge is being pushed against her by the authorities of the city of London. Whether additional prosecutions will be of London. Neither Major nor Mrs. Har-greaves desire to bring further misery upon their former intimate friend. Mr. John Elliott, grandfather of Mrs. Osborne, has been sparing no effort, financial or otherwise, to secure his grand-daughter's release from the maze of trouble in which she is involved. He has, it is stated, offered to reimburse all parties who have been put to loss by her conduct. Mrs. Osborne will be arraigned to-morrow for examination.

In returning from Irun, Spain, to sur-render to the authorities, Mrs. Osborne took the step entirely of her own volition. She said she did not want to inflict any further ruin on her husband, Captain Osborne, who, unless she came back and answered to the charge against her, would be compelled to leave the army. Captain Osborne, will be recalled, married the woma after Mrs. Hargrave had charged her with the theft of her jewels, and he was a firm believer in her innocence until indisputable proof of her guilt was placed before him. He has stood by her in all her troubles, and after she arrived at Iron he expressed to her his willingness to join her and accompany her in a flight to a more remote region, if she so desired. It is said that Mrs. Osborns expects to be confined in May.

MAY LOSE AN OLD PRIVILEGE. Daisy Hopkin's Arrest Likely to Cost Cambridge University Certain Authority.

special to the Indianapolis Journal. of Cambridge to-day discussed the famous Daisy Hopkin spinning-house case, which involved the arrest, some time ago, of a pretty young girl named Daisy Hopkin by the college authorities, under a musty old law. charged with walking on the public streets with a college student, the university, by the law, claiming to have jurisdiction over all citizens. The young girl mentioned was not only arrested, but was confined in one of the college buildings known as the spinning-house by order of the pro-proctor, the Rev. Frederick Wallis, and most cruelly treated. The affair created such a burst of popular indignation throughout Great Britain that the proproctor decided that it was advisable to release his prisoner, and did so. Daisy Hopkin then became the object of much popular sympathy, which was increased when she told the full story of her imprisonmet. The case of Daisy Hopkin was then taken up by the Society for the Protection of Personal Rights, and a popular subscription was raised to defray the expenses of a suit for damages which Miss Hopkin brought the proproctor for alleged against false imprisonment and madamages she sustained being placed at \$5,000. In the meanwhile Penrose Fitzgerald, M. P. for Cambridge, suggested to the authorities of the university that they should appoint a deputation to meet the members of the corporation to discuss the question of university jurisdiction which had arisen. This proposallhaving been declined, Mr. Fitzgerald is pre-pared to bring in a bill abolishing entirely university jurisdiction over citizens. Discussion for and against the University of Cambridge took place in the town Conneil of that city to-day, and at the conclusion of the arguments, the Council almost ananimously approved of the draft of the bill of Mr. Fitzgerald, abolishing entirely the jurisdiction of the university the towns people of Cambridge borough. Mr. Fitzgerald will introduce the bill into Parliament at the very first oppor-

tunity.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Explorer Fourneau's African Slayers Will

Not Be Punished by French Troops. Paris, Feb. 4.-A dispatch has been received here from Major De Brussea, the well-known French explorer, who is in command of the Chari and Lake Tchad expedition in Africa. He says that he finds it the wiser plan not to carry out his intention to punish the hostile tribes which attacked Fourneau's expedition, which set out last year to explore the valley of Sangha Bayen, the Central Soudan and the French Congo, but that he should confine himself to establishing friendly relations with hospitable chiefs, with the view to forming a chain of military posts from the cos t to Lake Tchad. Such a course, he adds, would be a great aid in the extension of French influence in that part of Africa. Fourneau's expedition, above mentioned, was attacked by natives in August last. Sixteen of its members were killed, and thirty-one, including Fourneau himself, were wounded. All the merchandise and many rifles were captured by the natives. and the expedition was compelled to re-treat, being followed for a long distance and constantly harrassed by the enemy.

Britain Must Wake Up. LONDON, Feb. 4.—The papers of this city to-day devote much attention to the report of the Chicago Columbian exhibition made by Col. J. H. Sadler, British viceconsul in that city. The Standard says that the trading nations of all the world will compete at the fair, and expresses the hope that British manufacturers and business men will realize this, adding that it hardly looks as if the British government did, while France is affording £80,000, Brazil and Mexico each over £100,000 and England only £25,000. It will be a serious misfortune, the Standard says, if Great Britain is not adequately represented at the exhibition. It concludes its article by expressing the hope that the government will not sacrifice the interests of commerce by applying for smaller space than is

likely to be required by the large number of British exhibitors. Dr. Mackenzie's Royal Patients. LONDON, Feb. 4.- The house occupied by Sir Morell Mackenzie, the celebrated English physician who died last night, contains a large number of gifts from people whom he had attended in sickness. A photograph of the picture of Empress Frederick of Germany, painted by Angelo, with her signature, hangs in the place of honor in one of his rooms. A framed letter from the late Emperor Frederick hangs over the mantel beside a letter from Queen Victoria to Emperor Frederick. The Queen's

Dear Fritz-I shall take much pleasure in con-ferring knighthood on the physician who has rendered you and us such great services, for Dr. Mackenzie has, indeed, treated you with the greatest skill.

Victoria, R. I.

Spurgeon's Remains Seut to England. MENTONE, Feb. 4.—The coffin containing the remains of the Rev. Mr. Spurgeon were taken to the Scotch Church in this place, where impressive services were held over

MRS. OSBORNE SURRENDERS the body. After the delivery of the addresses and the offering up of prayers there was read the telegram of condolence from the Prince of Wales and the message from Mr. Moody, the American evangelist, quoting the twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth verses of the eleventh chapter of St. John: "Jesus said unto her, I am the resurrection and the life; he that believeth in Me, though he were dead, yet shall he live;" and "whosoever liveth and believeth in Me shall never die. Diest thou thus?" At the conclusion of the services the coffin was conveyed to a hearse beautifully decorated with flowers, and was taken to the railway station for conveyance to London.

The Eider Cannot Be Floated.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. LONDON, Feb. 4.- The divers who went to work this morning examining the Eider from the German salvage steamer Nevas, made a thorough survey of the bottom of the stranded steamer. They found that the outside shell of the ship was so torn by the rocks upon which she had grounded that to attempt to float her is a hopeless undertaking. The life-boats, which have been in constant communication between the Eider and the shore, landed much of the baggage of the passengers of the ill-tated ship, some of whom landed at Bremen to-day from the steamer Havel.

Senegambians Routed by the French. Paris, Feb. 4.-Advices were received here to-day from St. Louis, Senegal, showing that the French expedition under command of Colonel Humbert has had further engagements with the native forces of Chief Samory in the French Soudan. The French have stormed the fortified villages instituted for perjury and theft does not lay with the police, as they claim the crimes were not committed within the city enemy. One Spasi was killed and two natives, and have completely ronted the enemy. One Spasi was killed and two wounded. Colonel Humbert found the country rich and fertile.

Mandarins Deposed from Office. PARIS, Feb. 4.-Advices received here from China show that all the Mongolian mandarins who aided in the recent outbreak in northeastern China, or who did not assist the government in its suppression of the revolt have been dismissed from

The government is paying all the indemni-ties demanded for the killing or injuring of foreigners and for the destruction of their

Treaty Correspondence, Paris, Feb. 4.- A Yellow Book was issued to-day which contains the letters that during the months of November and December, passed between M. Ribot, Minister of Foreign Affairs, and the French charge d'affaires at Washington regarding the admission into the United States of French sugars. The main points have been covered from time to time in the press dispatched

Bourses Depressed by Rumors, LONDON, Feb. 4.-Dispatches from the various European financial centers state that all the bourses were depressed to-day in consequence of the reports in Paris relative to the troubles of some large LONDON, Feb. 4 .- The Municipal Council | financial houses in that city. Foreign government securities declined. The Vienna bourse was also adversely affected by the belief that the adoption of a gold currency was still distant.

> Rioting in the Soudan. CAIRO, Feb. 4.-Advices from Omduritan, one of the Mahdi's strongholds in the Soudan, from which place Father Ohrwalder and two nuns, who had been prisoners in the hands of the fanatical Arabs for nine years, recently escaped, show that the natives are engaged in continual riots and that the state of affairs there is serious. Grain Declining in Price.

> St. Petersburg, Feb. 4.-The price of grain is falling in the distressed provinces, owing to the increased railroad facilities, which allow of a more rapid delivery of cereals from the more favored provinces. The grain-dealers who have been speculating for a rise in values, have sustained heavy losses throughout the decline. Cardinal Manning Possessed Only 2100.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—The will of the late Cardinal Manning was opened to-day. It shows that he possessed less than £100. which was in consols, and a collection of books. This fact speaks louder than words in showing the benevolence of the Cardinal. The will contains no statement of public interest. The Pope Declared to Be a Sovereign.

Paris, Feb. 4 .- In the case of the disputed right of the late Marquise Plessis to make the Pope her universal legatee, the court to-day decided that in spite of the events of 1870, and the abolition of the temporal power, the Pope is a sovereign and 1s entitled to inherit property in France like | fice. other sovereigns.

Forty Persons Reported Drowned. BERLIN, Feb. 4.—Thirty barges were torn from their moorings by drift-ice at Breslan to-day. Several of the barges sunk, and it is reported that forty persons were drowned, including many women and children. The fate of the occupants of the barges was the cause of many heart-rend-

The Kaiser in a Generous Mood. Berlin, Feb. 4.—The family of Herr Kuentzel, a victim of the Valu massacre, recently received an anonymous draft of 100,000 marks. It now transpires that Emperor William was the donor.

Cable Notes. The French steamer St. Andre, now at Antwerp, reports that when off Fecamp she collided with and sank the Danish

brig Thor. All the crew of the Thor were drowned with the exception of a boy, who was picked up by the St. Andre. The reports from Rome that the Italian government contemplates the immediate re-establishment of full diplomatic rela-tions with the United States, and that Signor Catalini, now minister to Denmark, will be accredited to this government, are discredited in official circles in Washington.

Losses by Fire. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 4.—At Morgan-field, this morning, fire destroyed the Wag-goner Hotel, several shops and two residences. Loss, \$50,000; insurance, \$5,000. TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 4.—The three-story brick braiding shop of the John Roebling's Sons' Company was destroyed by fire tonight, causing a loss of \$300,000, with insur-

ance of \$140,000. The fire was caused by an explosion resulting from spontaneous combustion. This is the second large fire that the company has experienced in the past Mr. Ford Confers with Subordinates. St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 4.—General Passenger Agent Ford, of the Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburg, met the members of his immediate official family at the Southern Hotel here to-day. All the general, assist-general and traveling passenger agents of the Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburg

were present in the first, of what is to be

series of annual conferences. Matters of

interest alone to the roads represented

were discussed. Advice to Papa Astor.

New York Advertiser. After a delay of seven weeks, the Astor baby has at last been formally registered at the office of the health department, which makes our vital statistics complete and satisfactory up to the present time. But we beg leave to say to Mr. Astor, in the language of Barrister Nolan, "By the nine gods of war, let not this occur again."

Obituary. Madison, Ind., Feb. 4.-George W. Perrigo, a famous newspaper correspondent died this afternoon of paralysis. He was wounded severely by an explosion during the fight between the Monitor and the Merrimac, and has consequently long been an invalid and a government pensioner, drawing \$72 a month.

Why Hill Chose the 22d. New York Advertiser. Grover Cleveland has consented to deliver an address at the Ann Arbor University Feb. 22. The date has a familiar sound. Ah, yes; that is the day David Bennett Hill will be arranging for a solid

delegation to the Chicago convention.

Miss Chevalier Exposes More of the Abborrent Practices of the New Life Brotherhood.

WORSE THAN THE ONEIDA COMMUNITY.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 4.-Miss Alzire Chevalier, of Boston, who recently exposed the manner of the frauds practiced by Thomas Lake Harris, primate of the Brotherhood of the New Life, has prepared an open letter to William Dean Howells, who recently, in Harpers' Magazine, took Harris's part in the controversy and expressed grave doubts of the charges which she made of the stripping of converts of money and valuables and of immoral practices at the community's headquarters in Fountain Grove, Sonoma

Miss Chevalier responds with a mass of facts gathered from ex-members of the community, and affidavits that seem to prove conclusively her two main pointsthat Harris robs his dupes and that he perverts the moral sense of his converts by a system of sexology more abhorrent than the practices of the Oneida community. One of Miss Chevalier's strongest proofs is a letter of Albert Cuthbert, of England, who escaped from the community where his father and mother were held as moral captives. His mother was the brilliant Miss Fawcett, of London. Harris put her in solitary confinement and did not allow her to see husband or son for months. This young man witnessed women bathing with men, in a room devoted to Edenic baths, under the direct orders of Harris. Among the women who were made to perform this repugnant task was Lady Oliphant. Miss Chevalier has a score of affidavits showing the hypnotic influence of Harris and the terror he inspired among his disciples. Many escaped from his community. She has also many affidavits about Harris's luxurious life and hardships of his converts. One member of the community, now laboring at Santa Rosa, brought \$75,000, which Harris appropriated. Miss Chevalier declares that she promised to carry on her warfare against Harris as long as her means and strength endure. She proposes to have the Postmaster-general pre-

RANDOLPH COUNTY REPUBLICANS.

vent the circulation of some of Harris's

pamphlets and books, which are immoral.

Apparently All Enthusiastic Friends of the President Hold a Mass Convention.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WINCHESTER, Ind., Feb. 4.-The Rupublicans of Randolph county met in mass convention to-day. A rousing convention it was, too, of loyal, true-blue administration Republicans, as the following meaty resolutions, indorsed with a hearty good-will, must show. The following are the resolutions as passed by the convention:

Resolved, That we earnestly and heartily in-dorse the administration of Indiana's noble citi-zen, President Benjamin Harrison, as being eminently wise, pure, patriotic and statesman-like, and reposing full confidence in his ability, integ-rity and Republicanism, we favor his renomination by the Republican convention to be held in

Minneapolis, in June next.

Resolved, That the delegates this day selected to the district convention, which meets March 3, 1892, at New Castle, and the delegates selected to the State convention, which meets March 10, 1892, at Indianapolis, be, and they are, each and all hereby instructed to vote and work only for the election of such Republicans as delegates and alternate delegates to the national Republican convention at Minneapolis, to be held in June next, as are known to be in favor of, and will vote and earnestly work for the renomination of Benjamin Harrison for Pres-ident of the United States.

Resolved, That we heartily indorse the course and record of Hon. Henry U. Johnson, member of Congress for this district, and recognize in him a man of ability and sterling integrity, who is faithful, and industrious, and vigilant in the discharge of every duty. Resolved, That the candidates for Congress be voted for at the nominating election held to nominate county officers, and that the candidate receiving the greatest number of votes at such nominating election shall receive the vote of this

county in the congressional convention, and the delegates this day selected to the congressional convention shall cast the vote of this county in said convention for the candidate receiving the highest number of votes at such nominating con-Resolved, That the Republicans of Randolph county have noticed with pleasure the frequent mention of the name of our fellow-citizen, Hon. Theodore Shockney in connection with the Republican nomination for Governor. We have confidence in his ability to fill that high office with credit to himself and with honor to the

Other resolutions denounce the State tax law passed by the last Democratic Legislature; declare in favor of local option, and take a stand against fraud in public of-

BREATHES LIKE AN ENGINE.

Remarkable Case of Hotel-Keeper McCarthy, Whose Respiration Is 162 a Minute. New York Herald.

A medical phenomenon was exhibited last Tuesday by Dr. Edward G. Janeway to a clinic of three hundred students at the Bellevue Medical College. It was a robust, healthy man, whose normal respiration has been for the past three years at the rate of 162 a minute, instead of the natural normal rate of eighteen a minute. The man's every one in the large lecture-room heard it, and it sounded not unlike a small steam

The discovery of the case was largely due to accident. About a week ago a large, ruddy-looking man walked into the college dispensary breathing so loudly and quickly that every one was startled and gathered quickly about him to learn his trouble. He said between breaths-for he could not articulate more than three or four words without stopping to breathe seven or eight times—that he was Michael B. McCarthy, proprietor of the West End Hotel, at No. 101 West street, and wanted to know if the doctors could not cure his rapid breathing and reduce it to the normal rate. His throat, he said, was raw from the rapid respiration, but otherwise he felt all right. "I was formerly on the police force in Boston," said he. "One day late in the fall of 1886, I was going home from the station-house, and was riding on the front plat-form of an electric car. The car suddenly swung around a curve at the corner of Charmont and Dover streets, and I was thrown from the platform, landing on the street on the back of my head and shoulders. I became unconscious when I reached home and remained so for ten days. When I came out of the unconscious state I immediately began to breathe like a steam engine under high pressure, and I have continued doing it ever since, "I can do no hard work, I get out of breath so quickly, and once of twice a month I fall suddenly unconscious and remain so for several hours. Sometimes I

breathe so fast the doctors can't count the Dr. W. R. Green, Dr. Janeway's assistant, made a careful examination of the man and decided that not only was the man no sham, but that a case unknown to medical record had been found. He subsequently had McCarthy meet Dr. Janeway, and as a result McCarthy attended the clinic. After a careful examination the doctors said that his trouble was due to an injury to the medulla oblongata caused by the fall from the car. The nerves which control the respiratory organs had been shattered and had lost all control of the

Dropped His Cigar in the Box. New York Advertiser. The most absent-minded man on record

walked up the stairs of the elevated road

at the Thirty-third-street station yesterday. He was well dressed, and evidently well satisfied with himself. He smoked a costly cigar, which he transferred from his mouth to his left hand as he bought a single-trip ticket. He paid for the little bit of red pasteboard with a silver dollar. Then, leisurely picking up the small change with the ticket in the hand encumbered by the cigar, sauntered up to the ticket-box and dropped the lighted cigar, thus paralyzing the ticket-chopper. The ticket he still held in his fingers as he strolled down the platform waiting for his train. When the ticket-chopper called his attention to the blunder, he passed over a choice Henry Clay. Then the ticket-chopper extinguished the "snipe" in the box by crushing it with the ferrule of an umbrella. If any seared coupons are turned into Mr. Jay Gould today this paragraph explains it all.

Highest of all in Leavening Power .- Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

# ABSOLUTELY PURE

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

An anti-Pinkerton bill has been passed by the New York Assembly. John S. Maddox, a wealthy farmer of Trimble county, Kentucky, fell dead from

paralysis yesterday. At New Bedford, Mass., yesterday, forty Russian Jews were landed, the agent of the Saron Hirsch fund having found employment for them.

Governor Flower, of New York, has commuted the sentence in the case of Nicola Treseza, who is now in Sing Sing under sentence of death, to imprisonment for life. A freight train on the Chicago, Burlington & Quinev railway was wrecked at Lincoln, Neb., Wednesday. The train struck a broken switch. Lew F. Pennington, of Wymore, was killed.

None of the seven ponches of first-class mail matter which were stolen from the mail-wagons on the Hoboken ferry-boat on Tuesday night, has been found. The postoffice inspectors have no clew to the thieves. The first steel plate from the West Su-perior (Wis.) steel and and iron plant has been delivered to the whaleback shipyards there. This is the first steel plant at the head of the lakes and employs one

thousand men. It is capitalized for \$5,-Robert Codman, who owns the property between the Boston Exchange building and Kilby street, on Exchange place, Boston, has brought suit against Mr. Cotting, as representative of the Exchange building, for maintaining a nuisance in the shape of

the Stock Exchange. A freight train ran away on the seventeen-mile grade near Piedmont, W. Va., and sped down the mountain. At the stone bridge eighteen cars left the track and plunged into the Potomac river, fifty feet below. Three trainmen went down | Two Entertainments, Matinee and Night, Boston with the wreck, but only fireman McDon-

nell was killed. Veder B. Payne and Zenophen Fitzgerald have filed suits in the Dristrict Court to gain possession of 160 acres of land each in the heart of Guthrie, O. T., on the ground that the land was taken by them for homesteads before the town-site people claimed it. The property in question is worth over \$600,000, and the city will fight the suits to

A decree of divorce was granted on Tues day, at Brooking, S. D., to Mrs. Olia Da Silva Young from Jesse Young. The plaintiff belongs to the well-known Da Silva family, which for years has been most prominent in the best society of New York. The father of the defendant is the late Lord Mayor and high sherift of London and became a member of Parliament. At a meeting of the executive committee

of the National Association of Trotting-horse Breeders, held at New York yesterday, it was unanimously decided to establish a new stud-book for the registration of high-class trotters exclusively. This movement is the sequel to the recent action of the American Register Company, of Chicago, in admitting pacers to their register on an equality with trotters.

The Utah Legislature has passed a memorial to Congress urging the passage of the home-rule bill introduced by Senstor Faulkner and Delegate Cain last month. The memorial recites oppression through the Utah commission; repression of the popular voice in the make-up of courts, by appointment from Washington, and says the conditions in the Territory have changed; that polygamy has been abolished, and some measure of self-government should be granted.

CAN INSANE CARDINALS VOTE? Important Question That May Arise at the Next Conclave of the Sacred College. New York Recorder.

Cardinal Howard, England's only Prince of the Roman Church, is insane, and has, during the past three years, been under restraint in England, interned in one of the wings of the Duke of Norfolk's ancient Castle of Arundel. There is no precedent to direct the Sacred College in the question as to whether the loss of Yeason involves the loss on the part of one of its members of his vote at the conclave. In both the British and French Parliaments the vote of any member who may happen to become insane is regarded as perfectly valid, even though the fate of the nation may depend thereon. A demented cardinal, however, is a new feature in international and ecclesiastical politics, and considerable interest is expressed as to the manner in which the Sacred College will deal with the case. Ot course, the Pope himself could solve the difficulty by de-grading Cardinal Howard from his office as a Prince of the Church and from his seat in the Sacred College, but he does not venture to do this for fear of offending the Duke of Norfolk and all the powerful clan

Until he left Rome in the charge of doc-

tors and keepers, three years ago, Cardinal Howard was regarded as the grandesterything is magnificent. As Archpriest and dean of St. Peter's, at Rome, he was ever the most imposing and majestic figure of all the splendid ceremonies for which that splendid Basilica is famous throughout the world. His stately mien on such occasions frequently forth the self-satisfied and characteristic remark on the part of the English present, that if Italy was responsible for the unrivaled architecture of the cathedral, Great Britain, at any rate, had furnished the only cardinal or priest whose appearance was in keeping with the edifice. The graciousness of Cardidal Howard's person was fully in accord with his talents and attainments. He was, without exception, the most perfect linguist of the Sacred College, speaking Russian, Arabic, Armenian, German, French, Italian and Spanish with equal fluency. Like Pius IX, who created him cardinal in 1877, he commenced life as an officer of a crack cavalry regiment, and for seven years he held a commission in the second Life Guards. It was owing to a romantic affair de cœur, which made some

The Pope occasionally makes some rather sarcastic remarks, and one of them was delivered at the expense of France the other day. "France," he declared, with a look of humor in his eye, "is without exception the most paradoxical country in the world. The palace of the president of the republic, the Palais de Elysee, bears the name of a paradise in which the French do not believe. The palace of the Senate, the Palais du Luxembourg bears that of a city which no longer belongs to France, while the palace of the Chamber of Deputies, the Palais Bourbon, possesses the rame of a dynasty that has been banished from the

noise at the time, that he forsook the hel-

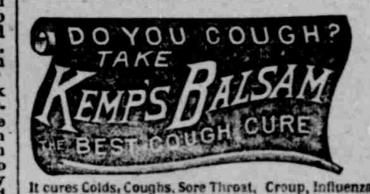
met for the tonsure.

Worthy Determination.

The farmers of Massachusetts propose to have an exhibit at the world's fair by way of an object lesson to dispel the idea so prev alent in the West that the only successful crops in the Bay State are rocks and white-

Philadelphia Press. As Senator Ingalls said on a notable oc casion, which Senator Voorhees will scarcely wish to recall, "The Senator from Indiana is inclined to be riotous."

His Intirmity.



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**AMUSEMENTS** GRAND-TO-NIGHT And rest of week, George THATCHER'S MINSTRELS

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GRAND Extra PAULINE HALL COMIC OPERA CO. Monday and Tuesday and Wednesday Matinee, February 8, 9 and 10, MME. FAVART. Wednesday Evening. Double Bill-"TRIAL BY
JURY" and "LA BELLE HELENE."
PRICES-Orchestra and Boxes, \$1.25; Orchestra
Circle, \$1: Balcony, 50c, reserved, 75c; Gallery, 25c.

Saturday, February 6. Symphony Orchestral Club.

Symphony-(G Minor) Andante Minuet ...... Haydn loston Symphony Orchestral Club Aria-Carnival of Venice ... Miss Laura Burnham. Flute solo-Souvenir de Baden ..... Mons. Fred Eucquey.

a.—Intermezzo.
b.—Intermezzo from Cavalleria Rusticana

Miss Laura Burnham. Violin solo-Fantasie Brilliante ... Mr. Lewis Kapp. Serenade-Pour Flute et Violoncello...... Mons. Rucquoy et Mr. Laseur.

Boston Symphony Orchestral Club.

Matinee, 50c; Night, 75c. Seats on sale at D. H., Baldwin & Co.'s.

. M. C. A. LECTURE COURSE. Tuesday Eve., February 9. GRAND CONCERT AND GYMNASTIC EXHIBITION. Admission, 25 cents. Seats reserved without extra



Boiler Tubes, Cast and Malicable Iron Fittings (black and galvanized), Valves, Stop Cocks, Engine Trimmings, Steam Gauces, Pipe Tongs, Pipe Cutters, Vises, Screw Plates and Dies, Wrenches, Steam Traps, Pumps, Kitchen Sinks, Hose, Beltiag, Babbitt Metal, Solder, White and Colored Wiping Waste, and all other supplies used in connection with Gas, Steam and Water, Natural Gas supplies a specialty, Steam-heating Apparatus for Public Buildings, Stere-rooms, Mills,

ings, Store-rooms, Mills, Shops, Factories, Laundries, Lumber Dry-houses, etc. Cut and Thread to order any size Wrought-iron Pipe from 's inch to 12 inches diameter. Knight & Jillson,

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